



Preliminary

TFT LCD Preliminary Specification

MODEL NO.: M220Z1-L01

Customer :	
Approved by :	
Note:	

Liquid Crystal	Display Division
QRA Division.	OA Head Dept.
Approval	Approval
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9.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS





Issued Date: Mar. 30, 2006 Model No.: M220Z1-L01

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REVISION HISTORY

		ı	REVISION HISTORY
Version	Date	Section	Description
Ver. 1.0 Ver. 1.1	Mar., 01 '06 Mar., 30 '06	All 2.1 3.2 7.2 8.2	M220Z1-L01 Specifications was first issued Modify ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT Modify BACKLIGHT UNIT Modify OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS Modify Packing method



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1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 OVERVIEW

The M220Z1-L01 model is a 22 inch wide TFT-LCD module with a 4-CCFL Backlight Unit and a 30-pin 2ch-LVDS interface. This module supports 1680 x 1050 WSXGA⁺ (16:10 wide screen) mode and displays up to 16.7 millions colors. The inverter module for the Backlight Unit is not built in.

1.2 FEATURES

- Super wide viewing angle
- High contrast ratio
- Fast response time
- High color saturation (EBU Like Specifications)
- WSXGA⁺ (1680 x 1050 pixels) resolution
- DE (Data Enable) only mode
- LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface

1.3 APPLICATION

- Workstation & desktop monitor
- Display terminals for AV application

1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Diagonal size	558.68	mm	
Active Area	473.76x296.1	mm	(1)
Bezel Opening Area	477.7 (H) x 300.1 (V)	mm	(1)
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1680 x R.G.B. x 1050	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.282(H) x 0.282(V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Display Colors	16.7 millions	color	-
Transmissive Mode	Normally White	-	-
Surface Treatment	Hard coating (3H), AG (Haze 25%)	-	-

1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

It	Item Min. Typ. Max.				Unit	Note
	Horizontal(H)	(493.2)	(493.7)	(494.2)	mm	
Module Size	Vertical(V)	(319.6)	(320.1)	(320.6)	mm	(1)
	Depth(D)	16	16.5	17	mm	
We	eight			2800	g	
I/F connector mounting						
pos	position the screen center within ±0.5 mm as the horizontal.					

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.



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2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

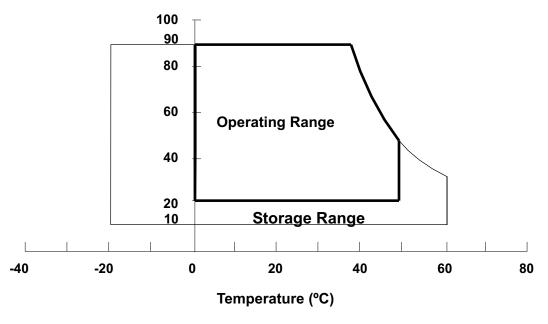
Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	NOLE	
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-20	+60	°C	(1)	
Operating Ambient Temperature	T _{OP}	0	+50	°C	(1), (2)	
Shock (Non-Operating)	S _{NOP}	-	50	G	(3), (5)	
Vibration (Non-Operating)	V_{NOP}	-	1.5	G	(4), (5)	
LCD Cell Life Time	L _{CELL}	50,000	-	Hrs	MTBF based	

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

- (a) 90% RH Max. (Ta \leq 40 °C).
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. (Ta > 40 °C).
- (c) No condensation.

Note (2) The temperature of panel surface should be 0 °C Min. and 60 °C Max.





- Note (3) 11 ms, half-sine wave, 1 time for $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$.
- Note (4) 10 ~ 300 Hz, sweep rate 10 min / cycle, 30 min for X,Y,Z axis
- Note (5) Upon the Vibration and Shock tests, the fixture used to hold the module must be firm and rigid enough to prevent the module from twisting or bending by the fixture.





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2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	+5.5	V	(1)	
Logic Input Voltage	V_{IN}	-0.3	+4.3	V	(1)	

2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic		
Lamp Voltage	V_L	-	(2.5K)	V_{RMS}	(1) , (2) , $I_L = 6.5 \text{ mA}$	
Lamp Current	Iι	(2.0)	(7.0)	mA_{RMS}	(1) (2)	
Lamp Frequency	F∟	(40)	(80)	KHz	(1), (2)	

Note (1) Permanent damage might occur if the module is operated at conditions exceeding the maximum values.

Note (2) Specified values are for lamp (Refer to 3.2 for further information).



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3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

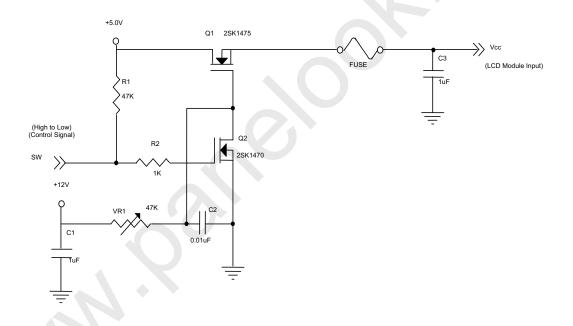
3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

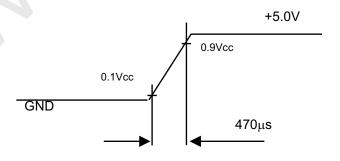
Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit	Note	
		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	-	
Ripple Voltage		V_{RP}	ı		100	mV	-	
Rush Current		I _{RUSH}	ı		3	Α	(2)	
	White		-	580		mA	(3)a	
Power Supply Current	Black	lcc	-	1100		mA	(3)b	
Power Supply Current	$f_V = 75Hz$, Vcc=4.5V	icc	-	-	1230	mA	(4)	
LVDS differential input voltage		Vid	-100	-	+100	mV		
LVDS common input voltage		Vic		1.2		V		

Note (1) The module is recommended to operate within specification ranges listed above for normal function.

Note (2) Measurement Conditions:



Vcc rising time is 470μs

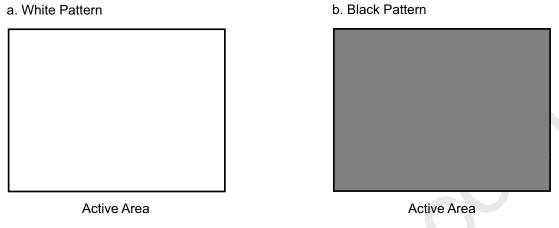




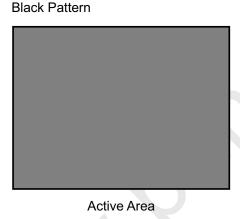
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Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.	Note (3)	The specified power supply current is under the conditions at $VCC = 5.0 \text{ V}$, $Ta = 25 \pm 2 \text{ °C}$, $T_v = 60$
		Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.



Note (4) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 4.5 V, $Ta = 25 \pm 2 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$, $f_v = 75$ Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern (Black Pattern) below is displayed.



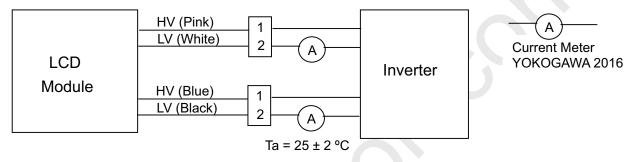




3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Note	
raiametei	Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Lamp Input Voltage	V_L	738	820	902	V_{RMS}	$I_L = (7.0) \text{ mA}$	
Lamp Current	ΙL	3	7.0	8	mA_{RMS}	(1)	
Lamp Turn On Voltage	Vs	-	-	1560(25°C)	V_{RMS}	(2)	
Lamp rum on voltage		-	-	1800(0°C)	V_{RMS}	(2)	
Operating Frequency	FL	(50)	60	(80)	KHz	(3)	
Lamp Life Time	L_BL	40000		-	Hrs	$(5) I_L = (7.0) mA$	
Power Consumption	P_L	-	5.74	-	W	(4) , $I_L = (7.0)$ mA	

Note (1) Lamp current is measured by utilizing high-frequency current meters as shown below:



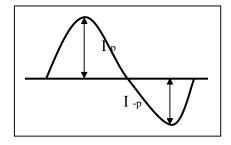
- Note (2) The voltage shown above should be applied to the lamp for more than 1 second after startup. Otherwise, the lamp may not be turned on normally.
- Note (3) The lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronization frequency from the display, which might cause line flow on the display. In order to avoid interference, the lamp frequency should be detached from the horizontal synchronization frequency and its harmonics as far as possible.
- Note (4) $P_L = I_L \times V_L$
- Note (5) The lifetime of lamp can be defined as the time in which it continues to operate under the condition Ta = 25 ± 2 °C and I_L = 7 mArms until one of the following events occurs:
 - (a) When the brightness becomes or lower than 50% of its original value.
 - (b) When the effective ignition length becomes or lower than 80% of its original value. (Effective ignition length is defined as an area that has less than 70% brightness compared to the brightness in the center point.)
- Note (6) The waveform of the voltage output of inverter must be area-symmetric and the design of the inverter must have specifications for the modularized lamp. The performance of the Backlight, such as lifetime or brightness, is greatly influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. All the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed to avoid producing too much current leakage from high voltage output of the inverter. When designing or ordering the inverter please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the Backlight and the inverter (miss-lighting, flicker, etc.) never occurs. If the above situation is confirmed, the module should be operated in the same manners when it is installed in your instrument.

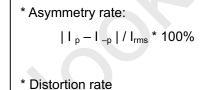


The output of the inverter must have symmetrical (negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform. (Unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has unsymmetrical voltage and unsymmetrical current and spike wave. Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.

Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp. It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce its leakage current.

- a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be 10% below;
- b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within $\sqrt{2 \pm 10\%}$;
- c. The ideal sine wave form shall be symmetric in positive and negative polarities.



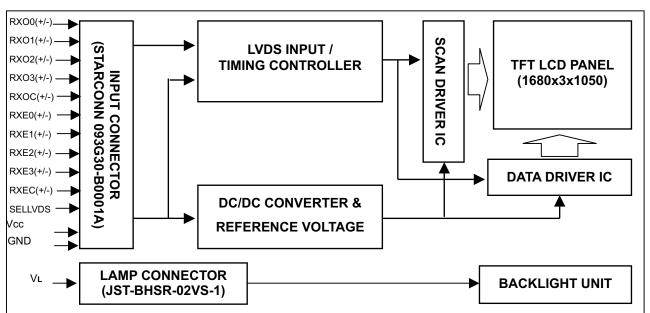




②

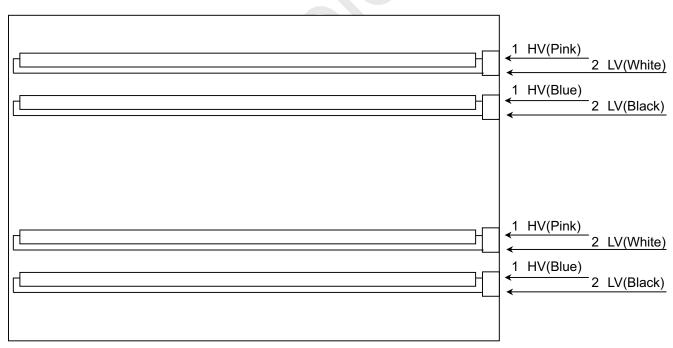
4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

4.1 TFT LCD MODULE



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4.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT





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5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

5.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Pin	Name	Description
1	RXO0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)
2	RXO0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)
3	RXO1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)
4	RXO1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)
5	RXO2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)
6	RXO2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)
7	GND	Ground
8	RXOC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input. (odd)
9	RXOC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input. (odd)
10	RXO3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O3(odd)
11	RXO3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O3 (odd)
12	RXE0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even)
13	RXE0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even)
14	GND	Ground
15	RXE1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even)
16	RXE1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even)
17	GND	Ground
18	RXE2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even)
19	RXE2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even)
20	RXEC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input. (even)
21	RXEC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input. (even)
22	RXE3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even)
23	RXE3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even)
24	GND	Ground
25	TEST	Test pin should be tied to ground or open.
26	NC	Not connection.
27	SELLVDS	SELLVDS pin should be tied to ground or open.
28	VCC	+5.0V power supply
29	VCC	+5.0V power supply
30	VCC	+5.0V power supply

Note (1) Connector Part No.: 093G30-B0001A(STARCONN) or FI-XB30SSL-HF(JAE) or EQUIVALENT.

Note (2) Mating Connector Part No.:FI-X30H; FI-X30C*; FI-X30M*; FI-X30HL(-T),FI-X30C*L(-T) [JAE]

Note (3) The first pixel is odd.

Note (4) Input signal of even and odd clock should be the same timing.

SELLVDS = Low or Open





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LVDS Channel E0	LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
LVD3 Channel E0	Data order	EG0	ER5	ER4	ER3	ER2	ER1	ER0
LVDS Channel E1	LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8
LVD3 Channel E1	Data order	EB1	EB0	EG5	EG4	EG3	EG2	EG1
LVDS Channel E2	LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19
LVD3 Channel E2	Data order	DE	NA	NA	EB5	EB4	EB3	EB2
LVDS Channel E3	LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27
LVD3 Channel E3	Data order	NA	EB7	EB6	EG7	EG6	ER7	ER6
LVDS Channel O0	LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
LVD3 Channel Ou	Data order	OG0	OR5	OR4	OR3	OR2	OR1	OR0
LVDS Channel O1	LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8
LVD3 Channel O1	Data order	OB1	OB0	OG5	OG4	OG3	OG2	OG1
LVDS Channel O2	LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19
LVD3 Channel 02	Data order	DE	NA	NA	OB5	OB4	OB3	OB2
LVDS Channel O3	LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27
LVD3 Channel O3	Data order	NA	OB7	OB6	OG7	OG6	OR7	OR6



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5.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Pin	Symbol	Description	Remark
1	HV	High Voltage	Pink
2	LV	Low Voltage	White
1	HV	High Voltage	Blue
2	LV	Low Voltage	Black

Note (1) Connector Part No.: JST-BHSR-02VS-1 or equivalent

Note (2) User's connector Part No.: JST-SM02B-BHSS-1-TB (JST) or equivalent

5.3 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

COIOL A	ersus data input.																								
												Da	ata	Sigr	nal										
	Color				Re									reer							Blu				
	T= .	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5		G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	В6	B5	B4	В3		B1	
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
L .	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	,	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	:	:	:	:	:				:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Scale	:	:	:	:				:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	Red(253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Green	Green(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	Green(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Gray	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Blue	Blue(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



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6. INTERFACE TIMING

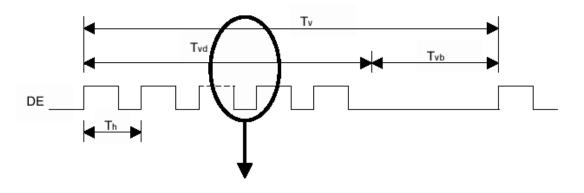
6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

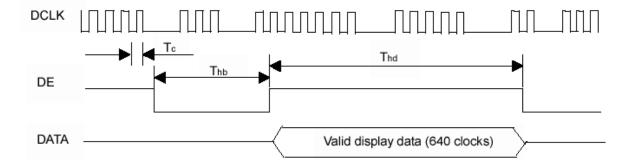
The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Frequency	Fc	-	59.5	74.5	MHz	-
LVDS Clock	Period	Tc	13.4	16.8	-	ns	
LVD3 Clock	High Time	Tch	-	4/7	-	Tc	-
	Low Time	Tcl	-	3/7	-	Tc	-
LVDS Data	Setup Time	Tlvs	600	-	-	ps	-
LVD3 Data	Hold Time	Tlvh	600	-	-	ps	-
	Frame Rate	Fr	56	60	76	Hz	Tv=Tvd+Tvb
Vertical Active Display Torm	Total	Tv	1060	1080	1195	Th	-
Vertical Active Display Term	Display	Tvd	1050	1050	1050	Th	-
	Blank	Tvb	Tv-Tvd	30	Tv-Tvd	Th	-
	Total	Th	890	920	1000	Tc	Th=Thd+Thb
Horizontal Active Display Term	Display	Thd	840	840	840	Tc	-
	Blank	Thb	Th-Thd	80	Th-Thd	Tc	-

Note: (1) Because this module is operated by DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signals should be set to low logic level or ground. Otherwise, this module would operate abnormally.

INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM

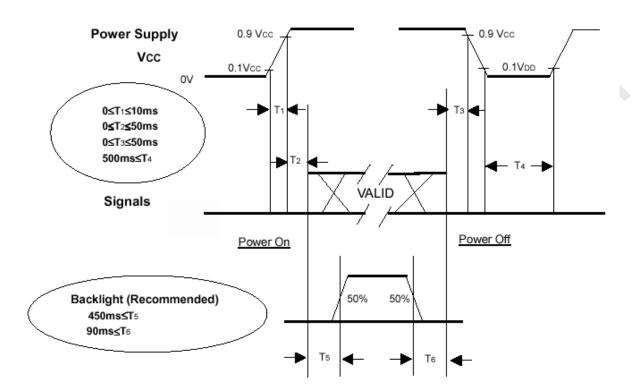






6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD module, the power on/off sequence should follow the conditions shown in the following diagram.



Power ON/OFF Sequence

Note.

- (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of Vcc.
- (2) Please apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation of the LCD turns off, the display may, instantly, function abnormally.
- (3) In case of vcc = off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or keep a high impedance.
- (4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power on/off periods.
- (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.





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7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit			
Ambient Temperature	Та	25±2	°C			
Ambient Humidity	На	50±10	%RH			
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	5.0	V			
Input Signal	According to typical v	alue in "3. ELECTRICAL	CHARACTERISTICS"			
Inverter Current	IL	(7.0)	mA			
Inverter Driving Frequency	F _L 61 KHz					
Inverter	SUMIDA H05 5307					

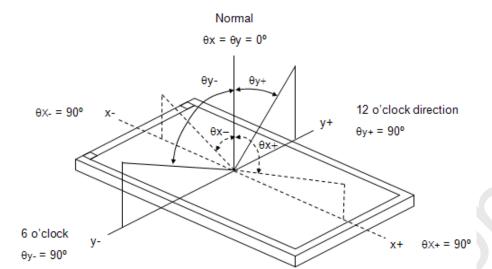
7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 7.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 7.1 and stable environment shown in Note (6).

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Dod	Rx			(0.644)			
	Red	Ry			(0.333)			
	Green	Gx			(0.287)			
	Green	Gy		Тур –	(0.601)	Typ +		(4) (5)
Color	Blue	Bx	θ_x =0°, θ_Y =0° CS-1000T	0.03	(0.153)	0.03		(1), (5)
Chromaticity	Blue	Ву	C3-10001		(0.077)			
	NA/1-11	Wx			0.313			
	White	Wy			0.329			
	Color Gamut	C.G%			68		%	(7)
Center Luminan	ce of White	L _C		(255)	(300)	1	cd/m ²	(4), (5)
Contrast Ratio		CR		(450)	(700)		-	(2), (6)
Response Time		T _R	$\theta_x=0^\circ, \ \theta_Y=0^\circ$		(2)	(7)	ms	(3)
rtesponse fille		T _F	υ _x -υ , υγ -υ		(3)	(8)	ms	(5)
White Variation		δW	θ_x =0°, θ_Y =0° BM-5A		(1.25)	(1.40)	-	(5), (6)
	Horizontal	θ_{x} +		(75)	(85)			
Viewing Angle	Horizoniai	θ_{x} -		(75)	(85)		Deg.	(1), (5)
	Vertical	θ _Y +		(70)	(80)		Dog.	(1), (5)
	VOILIOGI	θ_{Y} -		(70)	(80)			

Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle $(\theta x, \theta y)$:

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Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = L255 / L0

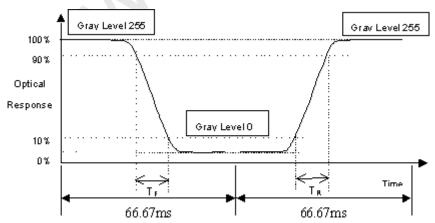
L255: Luminance of gray level 255

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR(7)

CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (6).







Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White (L_C):

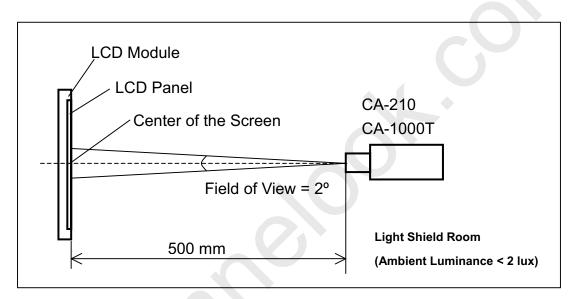
Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at center point

$$L_C = L (7)$$

L (x) is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

Note (5) Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 60 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 60 minutes in a windless room.



Note (6) Definition of White Variation (δW):

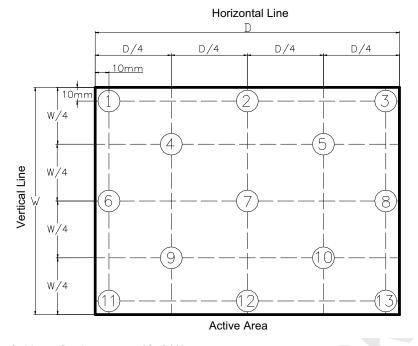
Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at 13 points

 $\delta W = Maximum [L (1), L (2) L (12), L (13)] / Minimum [L (1), L (2) L (12), L (13)]$





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: Test Point X=1 to 13

Note (7) Definition of color gamut (C.G%):

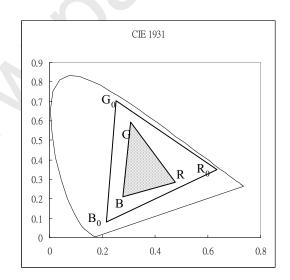
RGB/ R₀ G₀ B₀,*100%

 $R_0,\,G_0,\,B_0$: color coordinates of red, green, and blue defined by NTSC, respectively.

R, G, B: color coordinates of module on 255 gray levels of red, green, and blue, respectively.

 $R_0 \ G_0 \ B_0$: area of triangle defined by $R_0, \ G_0, \ B_0$

R G B: area of triangle defined by R, G, B





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8. PACKAGING

8.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

(1) 5 LCD modules / 1 Box

(2) Box dimensions: 595(L) X 330 (W) X 440 (H) mm

(3) Weight: 16 Kg (5 modules per box)

8.2 PACKING METHOD

(1) Carton Packing should have no failure in the following reliability test items.

Test Item	Test Conditions	Note
	ISTA STANDARD	
	Random, Frequency Range: 1 – 200 Hz	
Vibration	Top & Bottom: 30 minutes (+Z), 10 min (-Z),	Non Operation
	Right & Left: 10 minutes (X)	
	Back & Forth 10 minutes (Y)	
Dropping Test	1 Angle, 3 Edge, 6 Face, 60cm	Non Operation

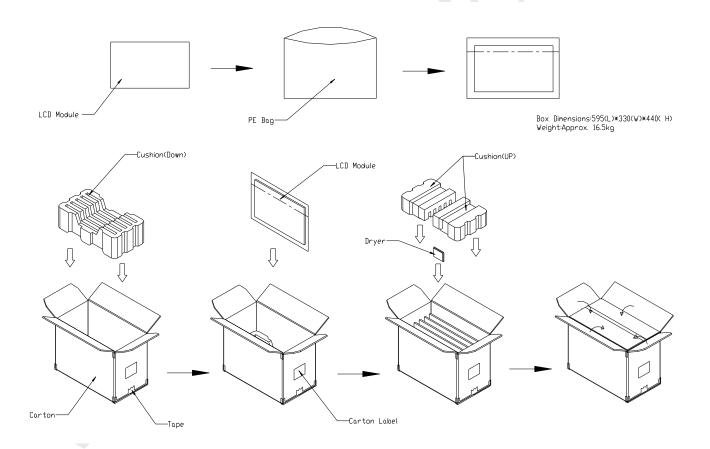


Figure. 8-1 Packing method



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For ocean shipping

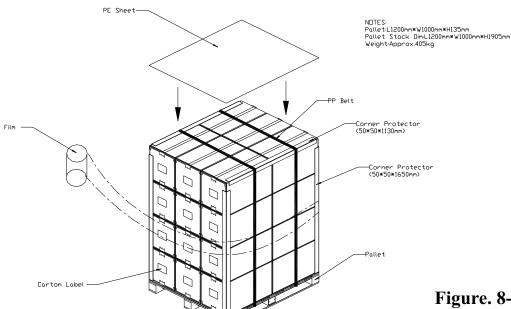


Figure. 8-2 Packing method

For air transport

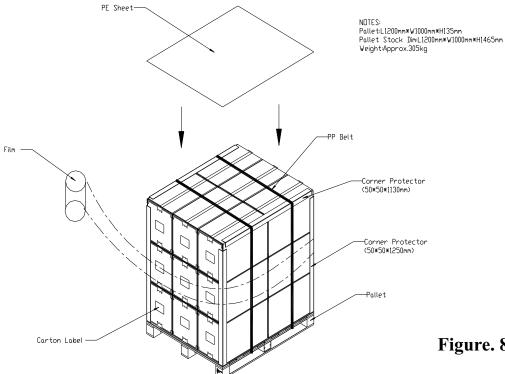


Figure. 8-3 Packing method



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9. DEFINITION OF LABELS

8.1 CMO MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



(a) Model Name: M220Z1-L01

(b) Revision: Rev. XX, for example: A0, A1... B1, B2... or C1, C2...etc.

(c) CMO barcode definition:

Serial ID: XX-XX-X-XX-YMD-L-NNNN

Code	Meaning	Description
XX	CMO internal use	-
XX	Revision	Cover all the change
Х	CMO internal use	-
XX	CMO internal use	-
	Year, month, day	Year: 2001=1, 2002=2, 2003=3, 2004=4
YMD		Month: 1~12=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C
		Day: 1~31=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C, ~, W, X, Y, exclude I, O, and U.
L	Product line #	Line 1=1, Line 2=2, Line 3=3,
NNNN	Serial number	Manufacturing sequence of product

(d) Customer's barcode definition:

Serial ID: <u>CM-22Z11-X-X-X-XX-L-XX-L-YMD-NNNN</u>

Code	Meaning	Description						
CM	Supplier code	CMO=CM						
22Z11	Model number	M220Z1-L01=22Z11						
Х	Revision code	Non ZBD: 0~9, ZBD: A~Z						
Х	Source driver IC code	Century=1, CLL=2, Demos=3, Epson=4, Fujitsu=5, Himax=6, Hitachi=7, Hynix=8, LDI=9, Matsushita=A, NEC=B, Novatec=C,						
X	Gate driver IC code	OKI=D, Philips=E, Renasas=F, Samsung=G, Sanyo=H, Sharp=I, TI=J, Topro=K, Toshiba=L, Windbond=M						
XX	Cell location	Tainan, Taiwan=TN						
L	Cell line #	1~12=0~C						
XX	Module location	Tainan, Taiwan=TN						
L	Module line #	1~12=0~C						
YMD	Year, month, day	Year: 2001=1, 2002=2, 2003=3, 2004=4 Month: 1~12=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C Day: 1~31=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C, ~, T, U, V						
NNNN	Serial number	By LCD supplier						





10. PRECAUTIONS

10.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the module during assembly.
- (2) To assemble or install module into user's system can be only in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.
- (3) It's not permitted to have pressure or impulse on the module because the LCD panel and Backlight will be damaged.
- (4) Always follow the correct power sequence when LCD module is connecting and operating. This can prevent damage to the CMOS LSI chips during latch-up.
- (5) Do not pull the I/F connector in or out while the module is operating.
- (6) Do not disassemble the module.
- (7) Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (8) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (9) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (10) When ambient temperature is lower than 10°C may reduce the display quality. For example, the response time will become slowly, and the starting voltage of CCFL will be higher than room temperature.

10.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The startup voltage of Backlight is approximately 1000 Volts. It may cause electrical shock while assembling with inverter. Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the Backlight unit.
- (2) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (3) After the module's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.

